

Exploring PBM Models:Weighing the Pros and Cons

- Traditional Spread
 - Generates revenue on spread
 - Little to no transparency
- Transparent Hybrid
 - Disclosure & share of some spread
- Market option to straight spread
- Pass Through
 - Zero spread retained in any channel
 - Complete financial & operational transparency





Traditional Spread Model

- · Perceived cap on year-over-year costs with fixed guarantees
- Contractual cap on financial performance; no upside shared
- Increased spread revenue each year based on AWP price increases
- Skewed actual vs. contract discounts due to contract definitions
- Promotion of high rebate products generates higher spend net, net
- Excessive use of caveats in pricing terms & definitions
- Steerage to PBM pharmacies (mail & specialty) not always lower cost
- Significant limitations to audit of pharmacy & manufacturer claims
- PA approval rates (90+% for specialty) not in client's best interest



Transparent Hybrid Model

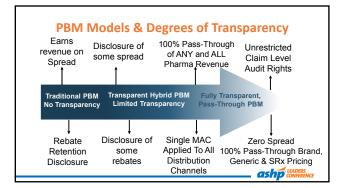
- Varied degree of transparency from the traditional and pass through
- Direct result of clients wanting an alternative to spread
- Disclosure of some spread:
 - May take spread in certain channels mail & specialty
- Disclosure of some rebate retention:
- May keep 5-10% for themselvesUsually limited claims audit capabilities
- Most contractual 'gotcha' language still present

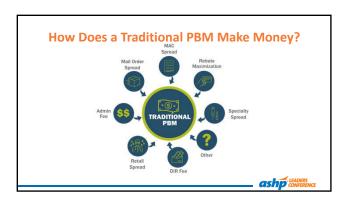


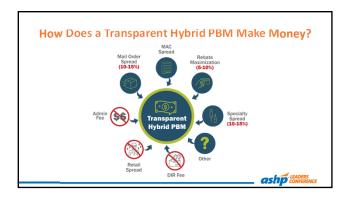
Pass Through Model

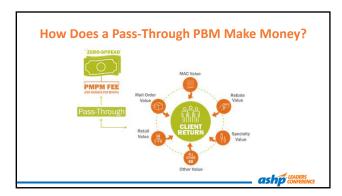
- Zero spread on pharmacy or pharma manufacturer claims
- 100% pass-through of ALL pharma & pharmacy value, and upside, above contract discounts over the life of the contract
- · Formulary product selection based on 'low-net-cost' philosophy
- Appropriate PA approvals & Step Therapy used to manage cost
- Third party determination of brand & generic definitions
- Single MAC list applied across all distribution channels
 Unrestricted claim level audit rights at NDC-11 level
- · No misaligned incentives between plan sponsor, PBM and patient



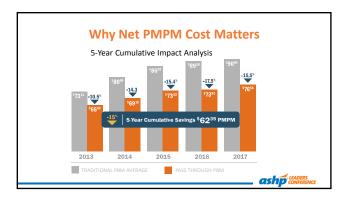








Big rebates, deep discounts and dollar for dollar PG's don't guarantee the lowest net costs – Why? All PBMs negotiate discounts with pharmacies and rebates with pharmaceutical manufacturers – however, it's ultimately the plan sponsor's "all in" cost on a PMPM basis that matters most PMPM measures spend vs. trend, which more accurately depicts the plan sponsor's true costs Annual Board & Control Board & Cont



Question

Which PBM model provides the highest level of transparency?

- A) Pass through model
- B) Transparent hybrid model
 C) Traditional model



Know Your Benefit Philosophy: Which PBM Model Fits Your Philosophy and Goals?

- Traditional, Hybrid or Pass-through financial model?
- Pass through offers complete financial and operational disclosure?
- Large rebate checks means higher cost drug selection to formulary?
- How important is flexibility with plan design features?
- Do you believe \$0 admin fee means you're paying \$0 in admin costs?
- Is your year-over-year trend a concern; especially with specialty?
- · Contract terms ultimately govern what you'll spend?
- · How is your PBM doing with EGWP regulatory compliance?
- Would you prefer to pay hidden fees or directly disclosed fees?



Know Your Benefit Philosophy

- Communicate your PBM model preference to your consultant/broker
- Who you choose for PBM consultant will largely determine RFP outcome
- When using a PBM consultant/broker, consider the following:
 - Is their PBM RFP process an expertise or an add-on service?
 - Does the consultant have clients with the preferred PBM model?
 - Does the consultant receive compensation separate of RFP process? How are caveats and definitions incorporated into the financial
 - evaluation?

 - Does consultant firm have a 'coalition' PBM offering?
 Will that PBM coalition offering be included or disqualified in a RFP?
- Who pays the consultant fees; the client or the PBM?



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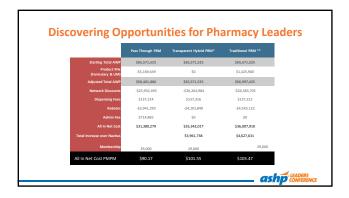
Question Large rebate checks translate to lower drug costs for clients? 1) True 2) False



Exploring Market Forces: Demand for Transparency	
Established lack of trust and skepticism of PBMs business practices:	
 Only 35% of employers rated their PBM as "very trustworthy"¹ 	
 Employers and health systems and others are demanding transparency: 63% of employers stated that PBMs lack transparency about how they 	
make money ²	
 Ohio State Medicaid Report – Uncovered spread of 8.8% between what was billed to plans and paid to pharmacies³ 	
PBM's: Maligned as Middlemen, They're Hearing Wedding Bells Plan Sponsors Like More Transparent PBMs – Yet Not All Choose Transparency	
63% of employers say Employers and PBMs: Negotiating Price Transparency Where do They Stand on With DBMs Days Off	
about how they make money Prescription Drug Issues?	
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Exploring Market Forces: Consumerism & Patient	
Engagement	
"90% of Americans use at least one digital health tool. This up from 80% in 2016." ¹	
Integration of wearable data into the patient record	
 Help track physical activity, lose weight, improve sleep and manage stress 	
 Advancing with the capabilities to detect blood oxygen levels, goal-based exercise modes and a sleep tracking beta 	
 Will soon play a larger role in the electronic medical record (EMR) and the 	
aggregation of the total patient/360 degree view — Already being used in clinical trials and remote monitoring	
 Will lead to greater feedback and patient-provider interaction 	
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Exploring Market Forces: Consumerism &	
Patient Engagement	
"86% of health care professionals believe that mobile apps and wearables will	
increase their knowledge of patient conditions." 1	
Artificial Intelligence and Clinical Decision Support • Each drug can have 10-12 different adverse effects alone, then when combing	
there's even more room for adverse effects.	
 Al may help with the provider shortage and amount of info they need at their fingertips such as drug data.² 	
Expanded use of Telemedicine	
 Offers new forms such as chat and voice platforms 	
 Medicare Advantage Part B is covering it in 2020³ 	
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Which trend did we not discuss? A) Integration of wearable data into the EMR B) The use of Al in decision support C) The expanded use of telemedicine D) Augmented reality

Discovering Opportunities for Pharmacy Leaders Closer monitoring and measuring of these critical cost-control components can reduce pharmacy spend year over year: Formulary: Drug mix matters & does impact costs - Plays a large role in achieving lowestnet cost vs. rebate chasing - Built on clinically sound, cost-effective generics and less expensive brands GROSS AWP NET AWP GROSS AWP MET AWP Utilization Management: Traditional PBM PA approval rates on specialty impact costs ashp LEADER



Discovering Opportunities for Pharmacy Leaders Utilization management (UM) tools: Includes prior authorization (PA), step therapy (ST), and quantity limits (QL) - PA is the most frequently used UM tools - PA is meant to ensure the medication dispensed is appropriate based on approved clinical guidelines - PA acceptance rates vary among PBMs - Pharma pays higher rebates when the PA requirements are more "loose" = approved ashp LEADERS CONFERENCE **Discovering Opportunities for Pharmacy Leaders** • Appropriate channel for distribution: Retail Offers a convenient cost-effective distribution channel • Use preferred or limited network to drive utilization to lower costs · Many PBMs own mail facilities and promote as 'lower priced' Commonly prescribed drugs are repackaged and repriced at mail Mail may not always be the least expensive option Many PBMs promote a 90-day fill vs 30-day for specialty which can cause waste and unnecessary cost Two pricing models are available: cost-plus vs. spread-based pricing Question To more successfully engage PBMs, pharmacy leaders should focus on tools such as formulary, UM and distribution channels? 1) True 2) False

In Closing

- We all play a role in advancing healthcare payers, providers and patients, take the time to educate yourself to drive a better outcome
- Payers can influence the future of health care by rewarding alternative PBM models that deliver lower net-net cost option, based on philosophy
- Be just as thoughtful around the process of choosing your PBM consultant as you are about which PBM philosophy you align with
- This isn't the 1990s, you have better options to choose from



KEY TAKEAWAYS

1) KEY TAKEAWAY

Determining the right PBM model for your organization can help you reach your cost management goals

2) KEY TAKEAWAY

Understanding your options in the marketplace can ensure your organization is taking advantage of the latest and greatest pharmacy benefit solutions and technologies to improve health and lower costs

3) KEY TAKEAWAY

To successfully engage PBMs, pharmacy leaders should focus on business model, formulary, UM and distribution channels



